Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (With Accountants' Report Therein)

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council South Weber City South Weber, Utah

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of South Weber City, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of South Weber City, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise South Weber City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2013 on our consideration of the South Weber City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering South Weber City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

GILBERT & STEWART, CPA, PC

# Gilbert & Stewart

Certified Public Accountants Provo, UT 84601 December 6, 2013

# **South Weber City**

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

South Weber City's management presents to the readers of its financial statements this narrative information. It contains an overview and analysis of the financial position and results of operations as of and for the twelve months ended June 30, 2013. As management of the City, we encourage readers to consider information contained in this discussion.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

The position of South Weber City exceeded its liabilities at the end of the current fiscal year by \$22,448,839 (net position). Of this amount, \$3,291,049 (unrestricted position) is available to meet ongoing obligations of citizens and creditors. Net position increased by \$623,807.

The City's Governmental activities reported a combined ending fund balance of \$11,055,537 Of the combined total fund balance, \$1,429,113 is available for spending at the discretion of the City (unreserved and undesignated fund balance).

The unassigned fund balance of the general fund at June 30, 2013, totaled \$380,570 and is 20% of the general fund total revenues for the year. Total debt for South Weber City decreased approximately \$507,010. Since the City has increased the total fund balance, the financial position of the City has improved this year.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to South Weber City's basic financial statements: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains information in addition to the basic financial statements that will help the reader gain a more in-depth understanding of the City.

**Government-wide financial statements** give readers a broad overview of the entire City's financial position, and changes in financial position, similar to consolidated financial statements in a private sector business. These statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

The statement of net position shows South Weber City's entire position and liabilities with the difference shown as net position. Increases or decreases over time in net position gives an indicator as to whether the financial condition of South Weber City is improving or declining.

The statement of activities shows the changes to net position that occurred during the most recent fiscal year. These changes are recorded on an accrual basis when the underlying event that causes the change occurs, regardless of when the cash transaction takes place.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish between activities that are largely supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues and those whose operations are entirely or largely financed by user charges and fees. The governmental activities for South Weber City include general government, streets, parks, recreation, and other departments. The business-type activities include water, garbage, storm sewer, and sewer operations.

The government-wide financial statements include only the financial statements of South Weber City. The City does not have any component units.

The government-wide financial statements are found immediately following this discussion and analysis.

Fund financial statements are a set of closely related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or purposes. South Weber City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the City's funds can be categorized into one of two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds account for essentially the same activities as the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, but with a narrower focus. Governmental funds concentrate on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balances of spendable resources available to the government at the end of the fiscal year. This information can be useful in evaluating the government's short-term financing requirements.

Comparing similar information presented in the government-wide statements for the governmental activities with that presented in governmental funds statements can provide useful information because of the different focus of the two approaches. With the long-term focus of the government-wide statements, a reader may be able to better understand the long-term effects of the near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance show reconciliation between the governmental funds statements to the governmental activities in the government-wide statements to aid in the comparison.

South Weber City uses three different major government funds, which are the general fund, special revenue, and the capital improvements fund. The information on these funds is shown separately. The City has five nonmajor funds which are the park impact special revenue, road impact special revenue, Country Fair Days special revenue, recreation impact special revenue, and the public safety impact special revenue funds. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Within the proprietary funds are the enterprise funds. The enterprise funds report the same functions as the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The enterprise funds maintained by South Weber City are the water, sewer, garbage, and storm sewer utility.

Proprietary funds present the same information as in the government-wide statements, but in more detail. All of the proprietary funds are considered to be major funds of South Weber City.

Notes to the financial statements contain additional information important to a complete understanding of the information contained in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Notes to the financial statements are located after the statements for major funds as listed in the table of contents.

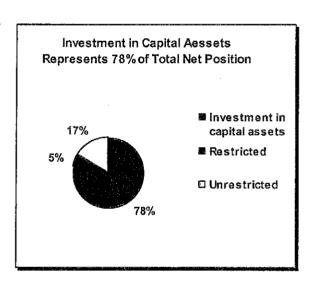
#### OTHER INFORMATION

Other information is contained in this report immediately following the notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

	Governmental Activities			ss-Type vities	Total			
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Current assets	\$ 3,634,472	\$ 3,265,584	\$ 3,086,506	\$ 3,252,969	\$ 6,720,978	\$ 6,518,553		
Deferred outflows of resources	85,371	91,158	-	-	85,371	91,158		
Noncurrent assets	10,272,640	10,632,915	11,807,738	11,710,532	22,080,378	22,343,447		
Other assets	18,414	94,391	-	109,724	18,414	204,115		
Total assets	\$ 14,010,897	\$ 14,084,048	\$ 14,894,244	\$ 15,073,225	\$ 28,905,141	\$ 29,157,273		
Current and other liabilities	\$ 1,421,603	\$ 436,356	\$ 186,311	\$ 572,434	\$ 1,607,914	\$ 1,008,790		
Long-term liabilities	1,252,499	2,550,686	3,314,631	3,396,296	4,567,130	5,946,982		
Deferred inflows of resources	281,258	273,599			281,258	273,599		
Total ilabilities	2,955,360	3,260,641	3,500,942	3,968,730	6,456,302	7,229,371		
Net position								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	0.022.640	0.050.045	0.400.007	0.000.000	47 450 077	47 745 707		
Restricted	9,032,640	9,352,915	8,420,037	8,362,822	17,452,677	17,715,737		
Unrestricted	593,784	382,615	111,329	861,801	705,113	1,244,416		
	1,429,113	1,087,877	1,861,936	1,879,872	3,291,049	2,967,749		
Total net position	11,055,537	10,823,407	10,393,302	11,104,495	21,448,839	21,927,902		
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 14,010,897	\$ 14,084,048	\$ 13,894,244	\$ 15,073,225	\$ 27,905,141	\$ 29,157,273		

By far the largest component of South Weber City's net position is its investment in capital assets. The 78% of total net position represents the City's investment in land and improvements, buildings, machinery and equipment, roads, streetlights, and bridges, less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire these assets. South Weber City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens who live, work, pass through, or benefit in other ways from the City. By their nature, these assets are not available for future spending. Further, even though these capital assets are reported net of any related debt, resources needed to repay the debt must come from other sources, as the assets themselves cannot be used to satisfy the related obligations.



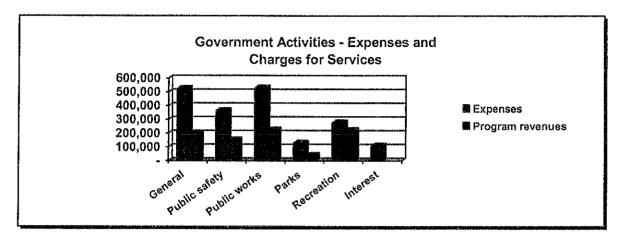
An additional part of net position, 5%, is assets that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be expended. The remaining 17% of net position can be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its creditors and to citizens.

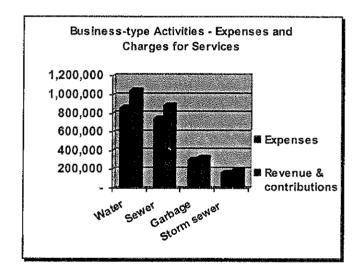
#### SOUTH WEBER CITY'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

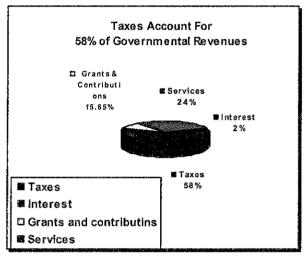
	Governmental Activities			ess-type ivities	Total			
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012		
Revenues								
Charges for services	\$ 641,512	\$ 720,788	\$ 2,280,353	\$ 2,108,525	\$ 2,921,865	\$ 2,829,313		
Operating grants and								
contributions	197,119	190,376	-	-	197,119	190,376		
Capital grants and								
contributions	-	63,974	179,600	175,773	179,600	239,747		
General revenues:								
Property taxes, levied								
for general purposes	316,630	301,645	-	-	316,630	301,645		
Franchise taxes	353,024	309,024	-	-	353,024	309,024		
Sales taxes	643,054	547,779	-	-	643,054	547,779		
Other revenues	-	-		-	-	_		
Investment earnings	11,351	10,905	12,058	11,236	23,409	22,141		
Total revenues	2,162,690	2,144,491	2,472,011	2,295,534	4,634,701	4,440,025		
Expenses								
General government	523,412	583,903	-	-	523,412	583,903		
Highway and streets	529,006	492,230	-	-	529,006	492,230		
Public safety	364,048	358,726	•	-	364,048	358,726		
Parks	128,364	95,940	-	-	128,364	95,940		
Recreation	277,287	225,528	-	-	277,287	225,528		
Interest on long-term debt	108,443	70,750	-	•	108,443	70,750		
Utility			2,080,335	1,664,499	2,080,335	1,664,499		
Total Expenses	1,930,560	1,827,077	2,080,335	1,664,499	4,010,895	3,491,576		
Transfers	-		<u> </u>	-				
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	232,130	317,414	391,676	631,035	623,806	948,449		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	10,823,407	10,505,993	11,104,495	10,473,460	21,927,902	20,979,453		
Prior period adjustment	-	*	(102,869)		(102,869)			
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 11,055,537	\$ 10,823,407	\$ 11,393,302	\$ 11,104,495	\$ 22,448,839	\$ 21,927,902		

#### **GOVERNMENTAL AND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**

Governmental activities net position increased by \$232,131 for the year ended June 30, 2013. The major reason for the increase resulted from capital outlay expenditures.







Business-type activities contributed an amount of \$386,676 increase in net position. The most significant reason for this increase in business-type activities is charges for services for water, sewer, and storm sewer assets. The City received \$23,409 in invested earnings and \$179,600 in impact fees during the year for business-type activities.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF SOUTH WEBER CITY'S FUNDS

South Weber City's governmental funds provide information on the short-term resource inflows and outflows and account balances at the end of the fiscal year. The total fund balance is a measure of total available resources. The unreserved portion of this total fund balance is a measure of the available spendable resources at June 30, 2013.

For the period ended June 30, 2013, the City's governmental funds reported combined net position in the amount of \$3,230,364. Of the total balance at year-end, \$380,570 is unassigned. There is also an amount of \$243,169 reserved for specific capital projects, \$332,201 for class C roads, and

\$1,302,905 for debt service, with assigned balances of \$24,159 in the special revenue fund, \$641,266 in the capital projects, and \$306,094 in the recreation fund.

The General Fund is the main operating fund for South Weber City. At June 30, 2013, the general fund's unassigned fund balance was \$380,570. Total fund balance of the general fund for South Weber City increased by \$264,053. A useful measure of liquidity is to compare the unreserved fund balance and the total fund balance to expenditures (including operating transfers out) for the year. Unreserved fund balance for governmental funds was 20% of total expenditures.

The capital projects fund had a total fund balance of \$679,166 at June 30, 2013, which is assigned for capital projects. The net increase in fund balance for the year amounted to \$118,728.

The major special revenue fund had a total fund balance of \$1,590,585 of which \$1,284,491 is reserved for debt service. The total fund balance decreased \$20,511. Most of the increase was due to bond proceeds that were received to refinance sales tax debt.

The City's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the City's major proprietary funds totaled \$1,861,936. Discussions about the finances of this fund are addressed in the City's business-type activities.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The general fund budget was increased for transfers to other funds and increase in revenues. The general fund expenditures were increased for lower expenditures in the general government and parks departments. The special revenue fund budget was increased for increased recreation expenses and transfers from other funds. Capital improvements fund adjustments were approved for increases in transfers from the general fund. Other special revenue funds expenditures were increased for capital outlay. The park impact, capital improvements, recreation impact and the public safety impact funds had the expenditures increased from additional projects started during the year.

### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

South Weber City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities has a combined total of \$22,080,378 (net of \$9,813,383 accumulated depreciation) at June 30, 2013. Types of assets included in this category are land, buildings, improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, roads (including curb and gutter), street lights, traffic signals, water, waste water, and collection systems. The City's investment in net capital assets equals nearly 76% of total assets. Governmental activities net capital assets to governmental activities assets equaled 73% while business-type activities percentage was 79%.

Major capital asset activities that occurred during the past fiscal year include:

		nmental vitles		ess-Type vitles	Total		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Land and water rights Office equipment Buildings Improvements, other than buildings Vehicles Machinery and equipment Work in process Accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,738,089 34,085 3,123,211 10,437,836 363,080 851,137 - (6,274,798)	\$ 1,738,089 30,775 3,123,210 10,365,592 363,080 798,026 - (5,785,857)	\$ 8,925 - 304,114 13,888,512 405,499 357,311 381,962 (3,538,585)	\$ 8,925 304,114 13,888,512 372,983 361,116 - (3,225,118)	\$ 1,747,014 34,085 3,427,325 24,326,348 768,579 1,208,448 381,962 (9,813,383)	\$ 1,747,014 30,775 3,427,324 24,254,104 736,063 1,159,142 - (9,010,975)	
Net book value	\$ 10,272,640	\$ 10,632,915	\$ 11,807,738	\$ 11,710,532	\$ 22,080,378	\$ 22,343,447	

At June 30, 2013, South Weber City's total debt amounted to \$5,852,701 of which \$3,382,701 was incurred by the City's business-type activities and the remaining \$2,470,000 was incurred by the City's governmental units. Most of the City's debt is known as revenue bonds and is secured by specific revenue sources (i.e. sales taxes, water, and sewer revenues).

Additional information on South Weber City's capital assets and debt can be found in Note 6 in the notes to the City's basic financial statements.

# South Weber City's Outstanding Debt Revenue Bonds

	Governmental Activities		Business Ty	pe Activities	Totals		
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Revenue bonds	\$ 2,470,000	\$ 2,592,000	\$ 3,382,701	\$ 3,767,711	\$ 5,852,701	\$ 6,359,711	
Totals	\$ 2,470,000	\$ 2,592,000	\$ 3,382,701	\$ 3,767,711	\$ 5,852,701	\$ 6,359,711	

# **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

As of September 2013, the state unemployment rate was 5.4%, down from 6.7% the previous year. This is consistent with the nationwide increase in unemployment rates as the economy continues to deteriorate. Currently, South Weber City is experiencing a similar economic downturn consistent with the rest of the nation. The City has some subdivisions that could bring more property taxes into the City in future years since the land was previously farm property subject to the greenbelt provisions. The rates and fees for most services remained constant for fiscal year 2013 compared with the fiscal year just ended.

#### REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to give its readers a general overview of the South Weber City's finances. Questions regarding any information contained in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to South Weber City, 1600 East South Weber Drive, South Weber City, Utah 84405.

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

	Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total			
CURRENT ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents						
Restricted	\$ 1,859,860	\$ 1,112,155	\$ 2,972,015			
Unrestricted	1,280,030	1,776,073	3,056,103			
Inventory	н	5,000	5,000			
Receivables						
Property, franchise, and excise taxes Accounts, less allowance for	494,582	-	494,582			
doubtful accounts of \$0	_	193,278	193,278			
Total current assets	3,634,472	3,086,506	6,720,978			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Refunding bond costs	85,371	_	85,371			
Total deferred outflows of resources	85,371	-	85,371			
NONCURRENT ASSETS						
Restricted cash	18,414		18,414			
Property and equipment, (net)						
Land and water rights	1,738,089	8,925	1,747,014			
Work in process	-	381,962	381,962			
Buildings	2,348,437	224,821	2,573,258			
Improvements, other than buildings	6,010,820	10,967,043	16,977,863			
Vehicles	4,729	70,698	75,427			
Machinery and equipment	170,565	154,289	324,854			
Net property and equipment	10,272,640	11,807,738	22,080,378			
Total assets	\$14,010,897	\$ 14,894,244	\$ 28,905,141			

# Statement of Net Position, Continued June 30, 2013

	Primary Government						
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total				
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 64,028	\$ 42,392	\$ 106,420				
Accounts payable to related parties	-	41,994	41,994				
Restricted assets:		,	,				
Current portion of revenue bonds	1,303,000	80,000	1,383,000				
Accrued interest	46,147	12,103	58,250				
Accrued liabilities	8,428	9,822	18,250				
Total current liabilities	1,421,603	186,311	1,607,914				
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Deposits, advance rentals, and							
long-term accruals	68,808	1,520	70,328				
Long-term compensation liability Restricted assets:	16,691	10,410	27,101				
Long-term portion of revenue bonds	1,167,000	3,302,701	4,469,701				
Total non-current liabilities	1,252,499	3,314,631	4,567,130				
Total liabilities	2,674,102	3,500,942	6,175,044				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred property taxes	281,258	-	281,258				
Total deferred inflows of resources	281,258		281,258				
NET POSITION							
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	9,032,640	8,420,037	17,452,677				
Specific projects and programs	243,169	720,244	963,413				
Class C road	332,201	, -	332,201				
Debt service	18,414	391,085	409,499				
Unrestricted	1,429,113	1,861,936	3,291,049				
Total net position	11,055,537	11,393,302	22,448,839				
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 14,010,897	\$ 14,894,244	\$ 28,905,141				

# Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

			Program Revenue	es	Primary Government			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Government Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT								
Government activities								
General government	\$ 523,412	\$ 199,193	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (324,219)	\$ -	\$ (324,219)	
Public safety	364,047	147,905	3,233	_	(212,909)	•	(212,909)	
Public works	529,006	34,450	193,886	-	(300,670)	_	(300,670)	
Parks	128,364	38,399	_	-	(89,965)	_	(89,965)	
Recreation	277,287	221,565		-	(55,722)	-	(55,722)	
interest on long-term debt	108,443		-	_	(108,443)	_	(108,443)	
Total government activities	1,930,559	641,512	197,119	-	(1,091,928)	i i	(1,091,928)	
Business-type activities								
Water utility	861,771	980,235	_	68,300	_	186,764	186,764	
Sewer utility	744,244	811,116	-	78,050	_	144,922	144,922	
Garbage utility	301,993	329,629	-	-	_	27,636	27,636	
Storm sewer utility	172,327	159,373	-	33,250	-	20,296	20,296	
Total business-type activities	2,080,335	2,280,353	-	179,600	-	379,618	379,618	
Total primary government	4,010,894	2,921,865	197,119	179,600	(1,091,928)	379,618	(712,310)	
	General Revenu	es						
	Taxes							
	Property ta	xes, levied for ger	eral purposes		316,630	-	316,630	
	Franchise t	taxes			353,024	-	353,024	
	Sales taxes	5			643,054	-	643,054	
	Investment ea	arnings			11,351	12,058	23,409	
	Total ge	neral revenues, sp	ecial items, and tra	ansfers	1,324,059	12,058	1,336,117	
	Changes in net p	osition			232,131	391,676	623,807	
	Net position, July	1, 2012			10,823,406	11,104,495	21,927,901	
	Prior period adjus	tment			-	(102,869)	(102,869)	
	Net position, June	30, 2013			\$ 11,055,537	\$ 11,393,302	\$ 22,448,839	

**Balance Sheet Governmental Funds** June 30, 2013

<u>ASSETS</u>	Capit General Projec		Special Revenue Recreation Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents					
Unrestricted	\$ 238,194	\$ 711,496	\$ 305,860	\$ 24,480	\$ 1,280,030
Restricted	350,615	37,900	1,284,491	205,269	1,878,275
Receivables (net)	477 605				A77 625
Property, franchise, and excise tax Fees	477,635	-	- 16,946		477,635 16,946
Prepaid expenses	- 11,394	-	10,940	-	11,394
riopala oxpanios	11,001				11,00
Total assets	\$ 1,077,838	\$ 749,396	\$ 1,607,297	\$ 229,749	\$ 3,664,280
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 49,568	\$ <b>1</b> ,821	\$ 12,318	\$ 321	\$ 64,028
Accrued salaries	5,332	- 1,021	3,994	-	9,326
Accrued liabilities	10,495	-		-	10,495
Deposits		68,409	400	~	68,809
Total liabilities	65,395	70,230	16,712	321	152,658
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Defered property taxes	281,258	-			281,258
Total deferred inflows of resources	281,258	-		**	281,258
FUND BALANCES Restricted for:					
Debt service	18,414	-	1,284,491	-	1,302,905
Capital projects	-	37,900	-	-	37,900
Class C Road	332,201	-	-		332,201
Impact fees	~	-	-	205,269	205,269
Assigned	-	641,266	306,094	24,159	971,519
Unassigned	380,570	070 105	1 560 505	-	380,570
Total fund balances	731,185	679,166	1,590,585	229,428	3,230,364
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,077,838	\$ 749,396	\$ 1,607,297	\$ 229,749	\$ 3,664,280

# Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

TOTAL FUND BALANCE		\$ 3,230,364
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Land	\$ 1,738,089	
Buildings	3,123,209	
Improvements, other than buildings	10,437,837	
Equipment	851,138	
Office furniture	34,084	
Vehicles	363,080	
Less accumulated depreciation	(6,274,797)	
Total capital assets		10,272,640
Bond refunding costs are expensed in the governmental funds and capitalized and amortized in the government wide statements.		85,371
Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period, and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and		
long-term, are reported in the statements of net position.  Accrued liabilities	(46 604)	
Accrued liabilities Accrued interest on bonds	(16,691) (46,147)	
Current portion of revenue bonds	(40, 147)	
Long-term portion of revenue bonds	(2,470,000)	
Total liabilities	(2,770,000)	(2,532,838)
		 (=,552,550)
Total net position of governmental activities		\$ 11,055,537

## Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Ge	eneral		Capital Projects	Recr	Revenue eation ind	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds	سنسوبيه	Totals
REVENUES										
General property taxes	\$ :	316,630	. \$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	316,630
Sales, use, and excise taxes	(	343,054		-		-		-		643,054
Franchise taxes	;	353,023		-		-		-		353,023
Impact fees		-		-		-		118,347		118,347
Licenses	•	175,568		-		-		-		175,568
Fines	•	136,778		-		-		_		136,778
Interest		11,351		-		-		-		11,351
Intergovernmental	2	201,595		-		-		-		201,595
Charges for services		13,428		1,099	18	57,951		36,686		209,164
Miscellaneous		9,448		-		-		-		9,448
Total revenues	1,8	360,875		1,099	18	57,951		155,033		2,174,958
EXPENDITURES Current										
General government	F	26,621		_		_		_		526,621
Public works		99,484		•		-		-		199,484
Public safety		324,328				-		-		324,328
Parks		05,789		_		_		_		105,789
Recreation	•	-			18	39,425		56,929		246,354
Capital outlay		_		73,371		-,		,		73,371
Debt service:				,						,
Principal		13,500		-	10	8,500		_		122,000
Interest		17,100		_		30,537		_		97,637
Total expenditures	1,1	86,822		73,371		8,462	,	56,929		1,695,584
Revenues over (under) expenditures	6	74,053		(72,272)	(22	20,511)		98,104		479,374
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bond proceeds										_
Operating transfers, in		_		191,000	20	00,000		19,000		410,000
Operating transfers, out	(4	10,000)		-		_		,		(410,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		10,000)		191,000	20	00,000		19,000		-
Revenue and other sources over expenditures and other uses	2	64,053		118,728	(2	(0,511)		117,104		479,374
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2012	4	67,132		560,438	1,61	1,096		112,324		2,750,990
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2013	\$ 7	31,185	\$	679,166	\$ 1,59	0,585	\$	229,428	\$ 3	3,230,364

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Funds Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 479,374
The change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense (\$488,940) was more than	
capital outlay (\$128,665).	(360,275)
Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental	100.000
funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.	122,000
This adjustment is as follows:	
Accrued absences	1,838
Bond refunding amortization	(5,786)
Accrued interest	 (5,020)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 232,131

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2013

<u>ASSETS</u>	<b>W</b> a	ter Utility Fund	Se	wer Utility Fund	Gar	bage Utility Fund	Storm Sewer Utility Fund	Totals Proprietary Fund
CURRENT ASSETS						•		
Cash and cash equivalents								
Restricted	\$	733,783	\$	290,418	\$	-	\$ 87,954	\$ 1,112,155
Unrestricted		354,520		726,207		270,436	424,910	1,776,073
Inventory		5,000		-		-	-	5,000
Receivables								
Accounts, less allowance								
for doubtful account of \$0		80,394	******	68,174		31,842	12,868	193,278
Total current assets		1,173,697		1,084,799		302,278	525,732	3,086,506
NON-CURRENT ASSETS								
Property and equipment, at cost								
Land and easements		_		3,669		-	5,256	8,925
Work in process		367,961		-		_	14,001	381,962
Buildings		304,114		-		-	•	304,114
Improvements, other than buildings	(	5,131,891		5,096,168		-	2,660,459	13,888,518
Machinery and equipment		175,817		10,631		170,863	-	357,311
Vehicles		332,824		22,926		23,446	26,300	405,496
Accumulated depreciation	(	1,447,777)	(	1,288,269)		(94,622)	(707,920)	(3,538,588)
Net property and equipment		5,864,830		3,845,125		99,687	1,998,096	11,807,738
Total assets	\$ 7	7,038,527	\$ 4	4,929,924	\$	401,965	\$ 2,523,828	\$ 14,894,244

**Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds, Continued** June 30, 2013

LIABILITIES	Water Utility Fund	Sewer Utility Fund	Garbage Utility Fund	Storm Sewer Utility Fund	Total Proprietary Fund
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 16,593	\$ 1,583	\$ 20,103	\$ 4,113	\$ 42,392
Accounts payable to related party	-	41,994	-	· -	41,994
Current portion bonds payable	80,000	· -	-	_	80,000
Accrued interest	12,103	-	-	-	12,103
Accrued liabilities	5,327	3,223	657	615	9,822
Total current liabilities	114,023	\$ 46,800	20,760	4,728	186,311
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES					
Deposits, advance rentals, and long term accruals	1,520	-	•	-	1,520
Long term compensation liability	5,814	3,163	880	553	10,410
Bonds payable	3,302,701	-	-	-	3,302,701
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,310,035	3,163	880	553	3,314,631
Total liabilities	3,424,058	49,963	21,640	5,281	3,500,942
NET POSITION					
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	2,477,129	3,845,125	99,687	1,998,096	8,420,037
Restricted debt service	391,085		-	-	391,085
Restricted Impact fees	342,698	289,948	_	87,598	720,244
Unrestricted	403,557	744,888	280,638	432,853	1,861,936
Total net position	3,614,469	4,879,961	380,325	2,518,547	11,393,302
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 7,038,527	\$ 4,929,924	\$ 401,965	\$ 2,523,828	\$ 14,894,244

# Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Water Utility Fund	Sewer Utility Fund	Garbage Utility Fund	Storm Sewer Utility Fund	Total Proprietary Fund
OPERATING REVENUE	¢ 000 005	r.	¢.	φ	\$ 980.235
Revenue secured by revenue bond Sales and charges for services	\$ 980,235	\$ - 811,116	\$ - 329,629	τ 159,373	\$ 980,235 1,300,118
Total operating revenue	980,235	811,116	329,629	159,373	2,280,353
Total operating revenue	900,233	611,110	329,029	100,573	2,200,000
OPERATING EXPENDITURES					
Personnel services	169,961	120,418	21,126	26,089	337,594
Supplies	297,794	38,537	268,341	14,530	619,202
Purchased services	41,336	504,165	-	39,541	585,042
Depreciation and amortization	182,392	78,188	12,526	92,167	365,273
Total operating expenditures	691,483	741,308	301,993	172,327	1,907,111
Operating income (loss)	288,752	69,808	27,636	(12,954)	373,242
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest income	3,793	3,673	2,296	2,296	12,058
Impact fees	68,300	78,050	-	33,250	179,600
Interest expense	(170,288)	(2,936)	-		(173,224)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(98,195)	78,787	2,296	35,546	18,434
Increase in net position	190,557	148,595	29,932	22,592	391,676
NET POSITION, JULY 1, 2012	3,526,781	4,731,366	350,393	2,495,955	11,104,495
Prior period adjustment	(102,869)	-	-	-	(102,869)
NET POSITION, JUNE 30, 2013	\$ 3,614,469	\$ 4,879,961	\$ 380,325	\$ 2,518,547	\$ 11,393,302

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Water Utility Fund	Sewer Utility Fund	Garbage Utility Fund	Storm Sewer Utility Fund	Total Proprietary Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 990,755 (325,913) (166,994) 497,848	\$ 800,258 (523,068) (119,667) 157,523	\$ 326,359 (270,170) (20,084) 36,105	\$ 158,102 (50,348) (27,588) 80,166	\$ 2,275,474 (1,169,499) (334,333) 771,642
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of capital assets Impact fees Interest paid on bonds Principal paid on bonds and leases Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(435,754) 68,300 (176,619) (70,000) (614,073)	78,050 (305,000) (226,950)	(12,724) - - - - - (12,724)	(14,001) 33,250 - - 19,249	(462,479) 179,600 (176,619) (375,000) (834,498)
Cash flows from investing activities Investment earnings Net cash provided by investing activities	3,793 3,793	3,673 3,673	2,296 2,296	2,296 2,296	12,058 12,058
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(112,432)	(65,754)	25,677	101,711	(50,798)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JULY 1, 2012	1,200,735	1,082,379	244,759	411,153	2,939,026
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JUNE 30, 2013	\$ 1,088,303	\$ 1,016,625	\$ 270,436	\$ 512,864	\$ 2,888,228
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss)	\$ 288,752	\$ 69,808	\$ 27,636	\$ (12,954)	\$ 373,242
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization Increase (decrease) due to changes in:  Accounts receivable Inventory	182,393 10,531 5,000	78,188 (10,858)	12,526 (3,270)	92,167 (1,271)	365,274 (4,868) 5,000
Accounts payable Deposits Accrued liabilities affecting operating activities	8,217 (12) 2,967	19,634 - 751	(1,829) - 1,042	3,723 - (1,499)	29,745 (12) 3,261
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 497,848	\$ 157,523	\$ 36,105	\$ 80,166	\$ 771,642
Non-Cash transactions Capital contributions by developers and others	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total non-cash transactions	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$	<u> </u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### History and Organization

South Weber City was incorporated August 1, 1936. The City operates under a mayor-council form of government and provides the following services authorized by its charter: public safety, highways and streets, parks, recreation, planning and zoning, water, and general administrative.

#### Financial Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the reporting entity includes all funds, agencies, and authorities for which the City holds corporate powers, and all component units for which the City is financially accountable. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, has established criteria to consider in determining financial accountability. The criteria are: appointment of a majority of the voting members of an organization's governing board and, either (1) the City has the ability to impose its will on the organization or, (2) there is potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City. The City currently does not have any component units.

#### Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide statements are comprised of the statement of net Position and the statement of activities. They contain information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component. Most effects of inter-fund activities have been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, while business-type activities receive a significant portion of revenues from fees and charges for services.

The statement of activities is presented to show the extent that program revenues of a given activity support direct expenses. Direct expenses are those that can clearly be associated with a particular activity or program. Program revenues are: (1) charges to customers or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the services or goods provided by a given activity or, (2) grants or other contributions that are restricted to operations or capital needs of a specific activity. General revenues are those revenues, such as taxes and other items, which are not properly reported as program revenues.

Separate financial statements are included for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the governmental funds statements, as are major individual proprietary funds in the proprietary funds statements.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to the types of assets that appear on the statement of net Position, and changes to those same assets, which appear on the statement of activities. The flow of financial resources measurement focus shows current assets and liabilities on the statement of net Position and changes to net current assets in the statement of activities. The flow of economic resources measurement focus shows total assets and liabilities on the statement of net Position and changes to net Position on the statement of activities. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Unbilled fees for proprietary funds are recorded as receivables at year end. Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar other contributions are recognized as revenue as soon as the eligibility requirements of the provider have been met.

South Weber City's only enterprise fund is the utility fund for water and sewer operations and is a major fund of the City. The Water Utility delivers potable water to nearly all residents and businesses located in the City. The City has its own sewer lines but does not own a sewer plant. The City pays another government entity to process sewer. The City collects fees from customers located within the City limits for services.

Proprietary funds have separate operating and non-operating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses normally arise from providing goods and services in connection with the fund's normal ongoing operations. The principal sources of operating revenues for the proprietary funds are charged to customers for services. Operating expenses include the cost of providing water services, administrative overhead expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenues or expenses are recorded as non-operating.

The City has elected to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Consequently, the City does not apply FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

Governmental Fund Statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Measurable" means that amounts can be reasonably determined within the current period. "Available" means that amounts are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. As a practical matter, South Weber City uses 60 days as a cut-off for meeting the available criterion. Property taxes are considered "measurable" when levied, and available when collected and held by the county. Any amounts not available are recorded as deferred revenue. Franchise taxes are considered "measurable" when collected and held by the utility company, and are recognized as revenue at that time. Other revenues that are determined to be susceptible to accrual include grants earned and other intergovernmental revenues, and assessments. Property taxes and assessments are recorded as receivables when levied or assessed. However, they are reported as deferred revenue until the "available" criterion has been met. Sales and use taxes collected by the state and remitted to the City within the "available" time period are recognized as revenue. Revenues collected in advance are deferred and recognized in the period to which they apply.

Revenues that are determined to not be susceptible to accrual because they are either not available soon enough to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days), or are not objectively measurable, include licenses, permits, and miscellaneous revenues. Revenue is recognized when cash is received.

Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, except for long-term obligations (debt service payments and long term compensated absences) and related interest which are recognized as expenditures when due. Inventories of supplies are expended when purchased.

South Weber City has three major governmental funds: the general fund special revenue and the capital projects fund. The general fund is the main operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund. The capital projects fund accounts for resources dedicated to the construction or improvement of capital assets. These constructed or improved capital assets are for the benefit of any or all governmental funds.

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

Budgets are legally required for governmental funds. Annual budgets are prepared and adopted by the City Council on or before June 15 for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1, in accordance with Utah State Law. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed sources of financing for such expenditures. Prior to June 15, a public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer input. Budgets are adopted by ordinance in total for each department. Expenditures cannot exceed appropriations at the department level. Management can move budgeted amounts from one line item to another within a department or decrease appropriations. The City Council can increase appropriations after holding a public hearing.

The governmental funds budget is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Governmental appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

The City complies with GASB Statement No. 31 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. The statement requires certain investments to be reported at fair value and the change in fair value to be included in revenues or expenses. The City's policy is to report all investments at value and the change in fair value to be included in revenues or expenses. The City's investment in the State Treasurer's Pool has a fair value equivalent to the value of the pool shares. This pool is administered by the State of Utah and is regulated by the Money Management Council under provisions of the Utah State Money Management Act. In all statements, the City considers all highly liquid investments, including restricted assets that mature within ninety days or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

#### Depreciable Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, for assets where actual historical cost was not available. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The City has a capitalization threshold of \$500 for all assets. The City follows GAAP by capitalizing a portion of its interest costs (net of any interest earned on related interest bearing investments acquired with proceeds of related tax-exempt borrowings) as a cost of constructed property and equipment in enterprise funds. Depreciation of fixed assets is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings Improvements, other than buildings Machinery and equipment, including leased	30-40 5-40	years years
property under capital leases Infrastructure roads, signals, lights, and bridges	5-20 25-40	years vears
Water and sewer lines Vehicles	20-100 5-10	years years

#### **Bond Issuance Costs and Amortization**

Bond refunding costs are amortization using the effective interest method over the life of the bonds. Bond costs on new bone issued are expensed as incurred.

#### **Property Taxes**

Ad valorem (based on value) property taxes constitute a major source of general fund revenue. Taxes are levied through the passage of an ordinance in June of each year. The levy is applicable to only one year. All taxable property is required to be assessed and taxed at a uniform and equal rate on the basis of its fair market value. The county assessor is required to assess all other taxable property, and both entities are required to assess the respective types of property, as of January 1, the assessment date. The county is then required to complete the tax rolls by May 15. By July 21 the county treasurer is to mail assessed value and tax notices to property owners. A taxpayer may then petition the county board of equalization between August 1 and August 15 for a revision of the assessed value. Approved changes in assessed value are made by the county auditor by November 1. On this same date the auditor is to deliver the completed assessment rolls to the county treasurer. Tax notices are mailed with a due date of November 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to a penalty. Unless the delinquent taxes and penalties are paid before January 15 a lien is attached to the property. The outstanding amount of taxes and penalties bear interest from January 1 until paid. If, after five years, delinquent taxes have not been paid, the County sells the property at a tax sale. Tax collections are remitted to the City from the county on a monthly basis. With the July 1, 2000, adoption of Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards (SGAS) No. 33, more fully described below, South Weber City changed its accounting for property taxes.

SGAS No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions, defines a non-exchange transaction as one in which "a government either gives value to another party without directly receiving equal value in exchange or receives value from another party without directly giving equal value in exchange." For property taxes, at January 1 of each year (the assessment date), South Weber City has the legal right to collect the taxes, and in accordance with the provisions of the new statement, has now recorded a receivable and a corresponding deferred revenue for the assessed amount of those property taxes as of January 1, 2013.

#### Inter-fund Transactions

In the normal course of its operations, the City has various transactions between funds. Transfers are recognized as operating transfers in and out, respectively, by the funds receiving and providing the transfer.

#### Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities that will be financed from governmental funds are accounted for in the governmental activities portion of the government-wide statements, while those of proprietary funds are accounted for in their respective funds.

#### Use of restricted funds

The City has funds with various restrictions. When an expense is incurred which meets the requirements to release the restriction, such restricted funds are first used to satisfy the expense followed by any unrestricted funds needed to satisfy the expense.

#### Compensated Absences

The City compensates employees for unused vacation and compensation time. Sick pay is not paid to employees upon termination. Accumulated unpaid amounts are accrued when incurred in the government wide funds. The proprietary funds include accrued vacation pay in their financial statements.

#### Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded, in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budget integration in the general and capital projects funds.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. INTER-LOCAL AGREEMENTS

The City participates in the following special districts and county governments to provide services to its residents:

Davis Metro Narcotics Strike Force

Davis County Emergency Assistance Program

Davis County Law Enforcement Services

Davis County Solid Waste Special District

The City has representatives on the governing board of the above districts but does not have total final control over the fiscal or administrative activities of these entities. Payments or services to these entities are included in the expenditures of the City's general fund.

#### 3. COST SHARING MULTIPLE EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

South Weber City contributes to the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement Systems and the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement Systems administered by the Utah Retirement Systems. Utah Retirement Systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems is established and governed by the respective section of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information from the Local Governmental Contributory Retirement Systems. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, Utah, 84102, or by calling 1 (800) 365-8772.

#### **Funding Policy**

In the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System, South Weber City is required to contribute 16.04% of the annual covered salary for the noncontributory system and 12.74% of the salary for the contributory tier 1 system. The contribution rates are the actuarial determined rates. The contribution requirements of the Systems are authorized by statute and specified by the Board.

South Weber City's contributions to the Local Governmental Contributory and Noncontributory Retirements Systems for the years ended June 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, were as follows:

	2013	2012	2011
Tier 1 System  Noncontributory salaries  Noncontributory employer contributions	\$ 478,050 78,739	\$ 480,497 66,381	\$ 466,053 62,311
401(k) contributions Employee contributions, paid by employer Employee's contributions	15,399 23,299	15,014 23,071	13,090 21,704
457 Pian Employee contributions	-	-	-
Roth IRA Plan Employee contribution	3,475	4,810	4,810
Contributory System Salary subject to retirement Employer contributions	49,268 4,217	33,349 2,531	

These contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

#### 4. <u>INTERFUND TRANSFERS</u>

Transfers from the general fund were \$410,000. The transfers were to the capital improvements, recreation, and town day funds. Transfers to the capital improvements, town days, and recreation funds from the general fund were \$191.000, \$19,000 and, \$200,000, respectively. These transfers are outlined as follows:

Funds		Out	<u>In</u>		
General fund	\$	410,000	\$	=	
Capital improvements		-		191,000	
Town Days		-		19,000	
Recreation fund				200,000	
Total	_\$_	410,000	\$	410,000	

The purpose of the transfers is to fund capital projects for financing capital improvements and to provide cash for operations in the recreation fund and town day funds.

# 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

The following schedule summarizes the changes in capital assets for governmental and business type activities during the year ended June 30, 2013.

ACTIVITY	Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Ending	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Nondepreciated assets					
Land	\$ 1,738,089	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,738,089	
Work in process	. , , ,	· -	-	-	
Total nondepreciated assets	1,738,089	-	*	1,738,089	
Depreciated assets					
Buildings	3,123,210	-	-	3,123,210	
Improvements	10,365,592	72,244	-	10,437,836	
Equipment	798,026	53,111	-	851,137	
Office equipment	30,775	3,311	-	34,086	
Vehicles	363,080	-	-	363,080	
Total depreciated assets	14,680,683	128,666	-	14,809,349	
Less accumulated depreciation					
Office equipment	16,387	3,781	. *	20,168	
Buildings	699,915	74,857	-	774,772	
Improvements other than buildings Vehicles	4,063,037	363,980	-	4,427,017	
Machinery and equipment	353,355	4,996	-	358,351	
Total accumulated depreciation	653,163 5,785,857	41,327 488,941	<u>-</u>	694,490 6,274,798	
Net assets depreciated	8,894,826	(360,275)	-	8,534,551	
Total governmental activities	10,632,915	(360,275)	-	10,272,640	
-		(		10,2,2,010	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Nondepreciated assets Land	0.005				
Work in process	8,925	204.000	-	8,925	
Total nondepreciated assets	8,925	381,962 381,962	-	381,962	
	0,920	381,902		390,887	
Depreciated assets	004.444			***	
Buildings Improvements	304,114	-	-	304,114	
Equipment	13,888,512 361,116	47.000	- 	13,888,512	
Vehicles	372,983	47,999 32,516	51,804	357,311 405,400	
Total depreciated assets	14,926,725	80,515	51,804	405,499 14,955,436	
Less accumulated depreciation				MALES 11	
Buildings	71,774	7,519	-	79,293	
Improvements other than buildings	2,596,245	325,228	-	2,921,472	
Vehicles	319,923	14,878	-	334,801	
Machinery and equipment	237,176	17,647	51,804	203,019	
Total accumulated depreciation	3,225,118	365,272	51,804	3,538,585	
Net assets depreciated	11,701,607	(284,757)	_	11,416,851	
Total business type assets	11,710,532	97,205		11,807,738	
Fotal combined assets	\$ 22,343,447	\$ (263,070)	\$ -	\$ 22,080,378	

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2013, is as follows:

	Governmental Types		Business Types		Totals	
FUNCTION						
General government	\$ 5	,993	\$	-	\$	5,993
Public safety	52	,128		=		52,128
Streets	328	,131		-		328,131
Parks	46	,754		-		46,754
Recreation	55	,935		-		55,935
Water		-		182,392		182,392
Storm sewer		-		92,167		92,167
Garbage		-		12,526		12,526
Sewer			,	78,188		78,188
Totals	\$ 488	,941	\$	365,273	\$	854,214

# 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

Bonds payable at June 30, 2013, are comprised of the following individual issues:

Long-Term Debt	Balance June 30, 2012	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2013	Due Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$1,312,000original issue sales tax revenue bonds series 2012 due in annual installments. The rate is 2.97% and the bond matures in 2027.	\$ 1,312,000	\$ -	\$ 72,000	\$ 1,240,000	\$ 73,000
\$1,655,000 original issue sales tax revenue bonds series 2004 due in annual installments. The rate varies from 2 to 5% and the bond matures in 2029. Total governmental long-term debt	1,280,000 2,592,000		50,000 122,000	1,230,000 2,470,000	1,230,000 1,303,000
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES  Series 2010 water revenue bonds due in annual installments. The rate varies from	2,032,000		122,000	2,470,000	1,000,000
2% to 3.125%. The bonds mature in 2040.	3,290,000	-	70,000	3,220,000	70,000
Bond premium series 2010 bond	172,711	-	10,010	162,701	10,000
Series 1992A revenue bonds. Original issue was \$3,056,000 with interest at 0%. The bonds are secured by sewer revenues. The bonds mature in 2013. Total business-type long-term debt	305,000 3,767,711	<u>-</u>	305,000 385,010		80,000
3, 3		*			
Total long term debt	\$ 6,359,711	\$ -	\$ 507,010	\$ 5,852,701	\$ 1,383,000
Compensated absences Governmental funds Business funds	\$ 18,528 7,053	\$ (1,837) 3,357	\$ - 	\$ 16,691 10,410	\$ - 
Total	\$ 25,581	\$ 1,520	\$ -	\$ 27,101	\$ -

The annual debt requirement to maturity, including principal and interest as of June 30, 2013, is listed in the following table:

#### **Business Activities**

Year Ending	Series 2010 water bonds		Series 1992A Sewer Bon		To	tals
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2014	70,000	145,236	-	_	\$ 70,000	\$ 145,236
2015	70,000	143,662	-	-	70,000	143,662
2016	75,000	142,086	-	-	75,000	142,086
2017	75,000	140,400	-	-	75,000	140,400
2018	75,000	138,713	-	-	75,000	138,713
2019-2023	425,000	771,650	-	-	425,000	771,650
2024-2028	525,000	528,150	-		525,000	528,150
2029-2033	660,000	380,500	-	-	660,000	380,500
2034-2038	1,040,000	188,250	-	-	1,040,000	188,250
2039-2043	205,000	10,250		_	205,000	10,250
Totals	\$3,220,000	\$2,588,897	_\$	\$ -	\$3,220,000	\$ 2,588,897

Year Ending June 30 2014	Sales tax revenue bonds Series 2004		Sales tax refunding bonds series 2012		Totals		
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
	1,230,000	57,025	73,000	36,828	\$ 1,303,000	\$ 93,853	
2015	-	-	73,000	34,660	73,000	34,660	
2016	-	-	78,000	32,492	78,000	32,492	
2017	-	-	78,000	30,175	78,000	30,175	
2018		_	83,000	27,859	83,000	27,859	
2019-2023	<u></u>	-	454,000	87,051	454,000	87,051	
2024-2027	-	-	401,000	18,117	401,000	18,117	
2028-2032	7	N			-	-	
Totals	\$ 1,230,000	\$ 57,025	\$ 1,240,000	\$ 267,182	\$ 2,470,000	\$ 324,207	

#### 7. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. In addition, investments are separately held by several of the City's funds. Cash and investments as of June 30, 2013, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net Position:

Cash and cash equivalents

\$ 6,028,118

Cash investments and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2013, consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 1,200
Deposits with financial institutions	2,064,088
Investments state treasure	3,962,830
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,028,118

#### Investments Authorized by the Utah Government Code

The City follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act in handling its depository and temporary investment transactions. This law requires the depositing of City funds in a "qualified depository". The Act defines a "qualified depository" as any financial institution in whose deposits are insured by an agency of the Federal Government and which has been certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

The Money Management Act also defines the types of securities allowed as appropriate temporary investments for the City and the conditions for making investments and investment transactions. Investment transactions are to be conducted through qualified depositories or primary reporting dealers.

Certain assets are restricted by provisions of the revenue bond resolutions. The resolutions also describe how these restricted assets may be deposited and invested. Restricted cash may only be deposited in state or national banks meeting certain minimum net worth requirements, or invested in securities representing direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States government, agencies of the United States government, any state within the territorial United States of America, or repurchase agreements or interest bearing time deposits with state or national banks meeting certain minimum net worth requirements.

The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act. The act established the Money Management Council which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF, and details the type of authorized investments it makes. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments. The PTIF funds are not rated.

Certain assets are restricted by provisions of the revenue bond resolutions. The resolutions also describe how these restricted assets may be deposited and invested. Restricted cash may only be deposited in state or national banks meeting certain minimum net worth requirements, or invested in securities representing direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by agencies of the U.S. government, or any state within the territorial United States of America, or repurchase agreements or interest-bearing time deposits with state or national banks meeting certain minimum net worth requirements.

As of June 30, 2013, the City had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)				
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year	1 - 10 Years	More Than 10 Years		
State of Utah Public Treasurer Investment Fund	\$ 3,962,830	\$ 3,962,830	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>		
Total investments	\$ 3,962,830	\$ 3,962,830	\$ -	\$ -		

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that occurs when changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City policy for managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates is to comply with the State's Money Management Act. In accordance with that act, the remaining term to maturity of the investments above do not exceed the period of availability of these funds.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer, or other counterparty to an investment, will not fulfill its obligations. The City's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the State's Money Management Act. As of June 30, 2013, the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund was unrated.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The City policy for reducing the risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. The City's investment in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund has no concentration of credit risk.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk Deposits**

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy of custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2013, no deposits were exposed to custodial credit risk because they were uninsured and uncollateralized.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk Investments**

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment in the Utah Public Treasurer Investment Fund has no custodial credit risk.

#### 8. RESERVED FUND BALANCES

The City records reserves to indicate that a portion of the fund equity is legally segregated for a specific future use. The following details the description and amounts of all reserves used by the City.

Description	Government Activities		Business <u>Activities</u>		Total	
Impact fees	\$	205,269	\$	720,244	\$ 925,513	
Class C road		332,201		-	332,201	
Other restrictions		37,900			37,900	
Bond reserve and escrow funds	·	18,414		391,085	409,499	
Totals	\$	593,784	\$	1,111,329	\$ 1,705,113	

#### 9. INTEREST EXPENSE

The proprietary fund incurred \$173,224 in interest expense of which \$173,224 was charged to expense and \$0 was capitalized. The governmental funds incurred \$108,443 in interest expense.

#### 10. RESTRICTED CASH

The City governmental funds has restricted cash of \$575,370 for specific projects and programs and \$1,302,905 for bond reserve funds. The utility fund has \$721,069 for specific projects and \$391,085 in the bond reserve and construction escrow accounts.

#### 11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, property damage, errors, omissions, injuries, and natural disasters. The City has purchased comprehensive general

liability insurance. The City pays premiums for general insurance coverage, automobile liability, and personal injury protection.

#### 12. TOTAL COLUMNS

Total columns on the governmental fund statements are captioned "Total" and are presented to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns does not represent consolidated information since interfund eliminations have not been made.

#### 13. RELATED PARTY INFORMATION

The Mayor serves on the boards of the burn plant and the sewer improvement district. The City paid the entity \$504,165, and the City owes \$41,994 to the burn plant as of June 30, 2013.

The City entered into an inter-local agreement for law enforcement services. The City will pay \$8,310 monthly.

#### 14. NEWLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The GASB has issued the following statements that will apply to government reporting in future years:

GASB 64 Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 53

GASB 65 Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities

GASB 66 Technical Corrections - 2012 an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62

GASB 6 7 Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25

GASB 68 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of

GASB Statement No. 27

GASB 69 Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations

GASB 70 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees

GASB statements 67 and 68 will impact the financial statements for the unfunded pension liability that will be reported on the financial statements. The liability is the difference between what is actuarially required and what is contributed. The expenses will also show a new measure of the pension expense. The amounts that will impact the financial have not been determined for the current year. The other statements will not have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### 15. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The City has evaluated subsequent events through October 31, 2013, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### 16. FUND BALANCE

These financial statements include the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54 which redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Non-spendable - Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed - Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the council.

Assigned - Amounts that are designated by the Council for a specific purpose but are not spendable until specific conditions are met.

Unassigned - All amounts not included in the other spendable classifications.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position. Restricted funds are used first as appropriate. Assigned funds are used when specific conditions are met. Decreases to the fund balance first reduce unassigned fund balances. In the event that the Unassigned Fund Balance becomes zero, than Assigned and Committed Fund Balances are used in that order.

The General Fund had Unassigned Fund Balance in the amount of \$370,808 at June 30, 2013.

#### 17. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The Government Standards Board issued statement 64 that requires all bond costs be expensed as incurred. The prior period adjustment is expensing the bond costs that were amortized in previous years. The change to expensing the bond costs rather than amortizing them is a change in accounting principle.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

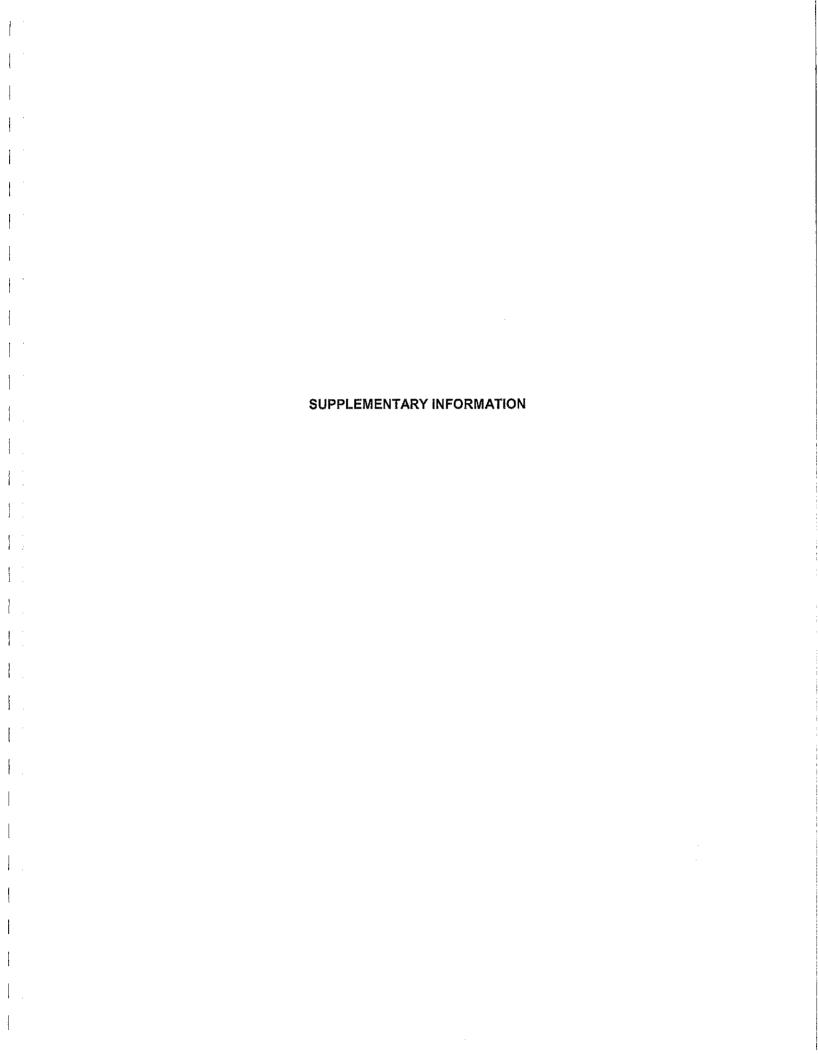
	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES				
General property taxes	\$ 290,000	\$ 303,599	\$ 316,630	\$ 13,031
Sales, use, and excise taxes	559,500	615,000	643,054	28,054
Franchise taxes	330,000	330,000	353,023	23,023
Licenses	103,000	161,000	175,568	14,568
Fines	168,000	135,000	136,778	1,778
Interest	9,000	11,000	11,351	351
Intergovernmental	186,200	188,233	201,595	13,362
Charges for services	22,200	12,538	13,428	890
Miscellaneous	11,030	13,556	9,448	(4,108)
Total revenues	1,678,930	1,769,926	1,860,875	90,949
EXPENDITURES				
General government	704.050	500 445	F00 004	20.504
Public works	704,958	593,145	526,621	66,524
Public safety	350,552 365,660	354,125	199,484	154,641
Parks	117,100	379,236 139,114	324,328 105,789	54,908
Debt service	117,100	108,114	105,769	33,325
Principal	13,500	13,500	13,500	
Interest	17,100	17,100	17,100	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	1,568,870	1,496,220	1,186,822	309,398
	1,000,010	1,100,220	1,100,022	000,000
Excess of revenues over				
fund balance	110,060	273,706	674,053	400,347
		1. B		
OTHER FINANCES SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	_	-	-
Transfers out	(110,060)	(573,706)	(410,000)	163,706
Total other financing sources (uses)	(110,060)	(573,706)	(410,000)	163,706
Net change in fund balance	-	(300,000)	264,053	564,053
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2012	467,132	467,132	467,132	<b>M</b>
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2013	\$ 467,132	\$ 167,132	\$ 731,185	\$ 564,053

<sup>1.</sup> Budget note: There is no difference between budgetary basis and GAAP basis on these statements.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Revenue Recreation Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Dasis	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 151,600	\$ 158,205	\$ 157,951	\$ (254)
Sales taxes	_			
Total revenues	151,600	158,205	157,951	(254)
EXPENDITURES Recreation	150,815	209,020	189,425	19,595
Debt service	150,615	209,020	109,420	19,595
Interest	41,000	80,900	80,537	_
Principal	84,500	108,500	108,500	**
Total expenditures	276,315	398,420	378,462	19,595
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Excess of revenues over expenditures				
(usage of fund balance)	(124,715)	(240,215)	(220,511)	19,341
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				-
Transfers in	124,715	240,215	200,000	(40,215)
Total other financing sources	124,715	240,215	200,000	(40,215)
<b>G</b>				
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(20,511)	(20,874)
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2012	1,611,096	1,611,096	1,611,096	72344
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2013	\$ 1,611,096	\$ 1,611,096	\$ 1,590,585	\$ (20,874)

<sup>1.</sup> Budget note: There is no difference between budgetary basis and GAAP basis on these statements.



Budgetary Comparison Schedules Special Revenue Fund Park Impact Fees For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance with	
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget	
REVENUES Impact fees Total revenues	\$ 31,400 31,400	\$ 34,000 34,000	\$ 38,399 38,399	\$ 4,399 4,399	
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay Total expenditures	73,105 73,105	34,448 34,448		34,448 34,448	
Excess of revenues over expenditures (usage of fund balance)	(41,705)	(448)	38,399	38,847	
Net change in fund balance	(41,705)	(448)	38,399	38,847	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2012	448	448	448	w	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2013	\$ (41,257)	\$ -	\$ 38,847	\$ 38,847	

<sup>1.</sup> There is no difference between GAAP and budget reporting.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules Capital Improvement Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance with
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 20,560	\$ 25,000	\$ 1,099	\$ (23,901)
Total revenues	20,560	25,000	1,099	(23,901)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	290,000	90,000	73,371	16,629
Total expenditures	290,000	90,000	73,371	16,629
Excess of revenues over expenditures (usage of fund balance)	(269,440)	(65,000)	(72,272)	(7,272)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in Total other financing sources		-	191,000 191,000	191,000 191,000
Net change in fund balance	(269,440)	(65,000)	118,728	183,728
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2012	560,438	560,438	560,438	_
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2013	\$ 290,998	\$ 495,438	\$ 679,166	\$ 183,728

<sup>1.</sup> There is no difference between GAAP and budget reporting.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules Special Revenue Fund Road Impact Fees For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Budgeted	Amoi	unts		al Amounts udgetary	(Un	avorable favorable) lance with
	Original		Final		Basis		Final Budget	
REVENUES Impact fees Total revenues	\$	26,400 26,400	\$	30,000 30,000	\$	34,450 34,450	\$	4,450 4,450
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay Total expenditures		67,494 67,494		100,340 100,340		-		100,340 100,340
Excess of revenues over expenditures (usage of fund balance)		(41,094)	<u> </u>	(70,340)		34,450		104,790
Net change in fund balance		(41,094)		(70,340)		34,450		104,790
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2012		70,339		70,339		70,339		-
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2013	\$	29,245	\$	(1)	\$	104,789	\$	104,790

<sup>1.</sup> There is no difference between GAAP and budget reporting.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules Special Revenue County Fair Days For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance with
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget
REVENUES Charges for services Total revenues	\$ 47,065 47,065	\$ 38,310 38,310	\$ 36,686 36,686	\$ (1,624) (1,624)
EXPENDITURES Recreation Total expenditures	52,065 52,065	57,310 57,310	56,929 56,929	43,997 43,997
Excess of revenues over expenditures (usage of fund balance)	(5,000)	(19,000)	(20,243)	42,373
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in Total other financing sources	5,000 5,000	19,000 19,000	19,000 19,000	-
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(1,243)	42,373
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2012	25,402	25,402	25,402	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2013	\$ 25,402	\$ 25,402	\$ 24,159	\$ 42,373

<sup>1.</sup> There is no difference between GAAP and budget reporting.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules Special Revenue Recreation Impact Fees For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Favorable (Unfavorable) Variance with
	Original	Final	Basis	Final Budget
REVENUES				
Impact fees	\$ 32,000	\$ 33,000	\$ 39,198	\$ 6,198
Total revenues	32,000	33,000	<b>39</b> ,198	6,198
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	52,524	38,688	_	38,688_
Total expenditures	52,524	38,688		38,688
Excess of revenues over expenditures (usage of fund balance)	(20,524)	(5,688)	39,198	44,886
Net change in fund balance	(20,524)	(5,688)	39,198	44,886
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2012	5,688	5,688	5,688	ы
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2013	\$ (14,836)	\$ -	\$ 44,886	\$ 44,886

<sup>1.</sup> There is no difference between GAAP and budget reporting.

Budgetary Comparison Schedules Special Revenue Fund Public Safety Impact Fees For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Budgeted	l Amou	ınts	 ıl Amounts dgetary	(Unf	vorable avorable) ance with
	Original		Final	Basis	Fina	Budget
REVENUES						
Impact fees	\$ 4,850	\$	5,400	\$ 6,300	\$	900
Total revenues	4,850		5,400	 6,300		900
EXPENDITURES Public safety Capital outlay Total expenditures  Excess of revenues over expenditures (usage of fund balance)	4,850 4,850 -	And distributed Art.	15,846 15,846 (10,446)	 6,300		15,846 15,846 16,746
Net change in fund balance	-		(10,446)	6,300		16,746
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2012	 10,447		10,447	 10,447		₩
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2013	\$ 10,447	\$	1	\$ 16,747	\$	16,746

<sup>1.</sup> There is no difference between GAAP and budget reporting.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

<u>ASSETS</u>	Park Impact Fee Fund	Road Impact Fee Fund	Country Fair Days Fund	Recreation Impact Fee Fund	Public Safety Impact Fee Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Unrestricted Restricted	\$ - 38,847	\$ - 104,789	\$ 24,480	\$ - 44,886	\$ - 16,747	\$ 24,480 205,269
Total assets	\$ 38,847	\$ 104,789	\$ 24,480	\$ 44,886	\$ 16,747	\$ 229,749
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	· .					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 321	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 321
FUND BALANCES Assigned Restricted for: Impact fees Total fund balances	38,847 38,847	104,789 104,789	24,159	44,886 44,886	16,747 16,747	24,159 205,269 229,428
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 38,847	\$ 104,789	\$ 24,480	\$ 44,886	\$ 16,747	\$ 229,749

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Park Impact Fee Fund	Road Impact Fee Fund	Country Fair Days Fund	Recreation Impact Fee Fund	Public Safety Impact Fee Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES Impact fees Charges for services Total revenues	\$ 38,399	\$ 34,450	\$ - 36,686 36,686	\$ 39,198 - - 39,198	\$ 6,300 6,300	\$ 118,347 36,686 155,033
EXPENDITURES Current Recreation Total expenditures	· -		56,929 56,929	-	-	56,929 56,929
Revenues over expenditures	38,399	34,450	(20,243)	39,198	6,300	98,104
Other sources Transfers in Total other sources	-		19,000 19,000			19,000 19,000
Revenue and other sources over expenditures and other uses	38,399	34,450	(1,243)	39,198	6,300	117,104
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2012	448	70,339	25,402	5,688	10,447	112,324
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2013	\$ 38,847	\$ 104,789	\$ 24,159	\$ 44,886	\$ 16,747	\$ 229,428



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATE OF UTAH LEGAL COMPLIANCE AUDIT GUIDE

Honorable Mayor and City Council South Weber City South Weber, Utah

#### REPORT ON COMPLIANCE

We have audited the South Weber City's compliance with general and major state program compliance requirements described in the *State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide* for the year ended June 30, 2013.

The general compliance requirements applicable to the City are identified as follows:

Cash Management
Budgetary Compliance
Fund Balance
Impact Fees
Utah Retirement System Compliance
Government Records Access Management Act
Conflicts of Interest
Nepotism
Utah Public Finance Website
Open & Public Meetings Act
State Loans and Grants
B&C Roads

The City did not receive any major assistance programs from the State of Utah during the year ended June 30, 2013.

#### Management's Responsibility

Compliance with the requirements referred to above is the responsibility of the City's management.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with those requirements based on our audit. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *State of Utah legal Compliance Audit Guide*. Those standards and the *State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on the City and its major programs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, South Weber City complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the compliance requirements that are applicable to each of its major state programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

#### REPORT OF INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over compliance to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Purpose of Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

# Gilbert & Stewart

GILBERT & STEWART Certified Public Accountants December 6, 2013



RANDEL A HEATON, CPA LYNN A. GILBERT, CPA JAMES A. GILBERT, CPA BEN H PROBST, CPA RONALD J. STEWART, CPA

SIDNEY S. GILBERT, CPA JAMES E. STEWART, CPA

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and City Council South Weber City South Weber. Utah

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of American and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Weber City, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the South Weber City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 6,2013.

# Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the South Weber City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Weber City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the South Weber City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe that a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the South Weber City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we preformed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report in an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

# Gilbert &Stewart

GILBERT & STEWART Certified Public Accountants December 6, 2013

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